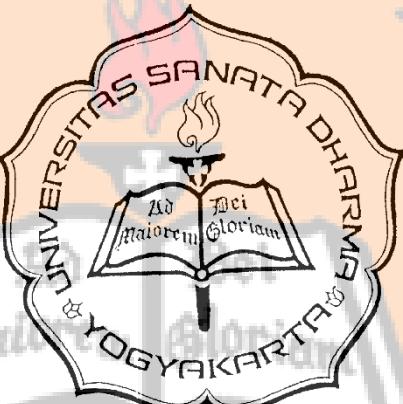


**HUBUNGAN LEADER GROUP PROTOTYPICALITY DAN SENSE OF
POWER**

SKRIPSI

Diajukan Untuk Memenuhi Salah Satu Syarat
Memperoleh Gelar Sarjana Psikologi
Program Studi Psikologi



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UNIVERSITAS SANATA DHARMA
YOGYAKARTA**

2019

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ABSTRAK

Penelitian ini bertujuan untuk mengetahui hubungan *leader group prototypicality* dan *sense of power*. Hipotesis penelitian ini adalah adanya hubungan yang positif dan signifikan antara *leader group prototypicality* dan *sense of power*. Subjek dalam penelitian ini adalah 85 pasang karyawan perusahaan yang memiliki status atasan dan bawahan. Terdapat 85 atasan dan 176 bawahan. Pemilihan subjek berpasangan bertujuan untuk memperkecil terjadinya *Common Method Bias*. Pengumpulan data dalam penelitian ini menggunakan skala *leader group prototypicality* (6 aitem, $\alpha = 0,831$) dan skala *sense of power* (6 aitem, $\alpha = 0,765$). Penelitian ini tidak melakukan uji hipotesis disebabkan oleh uji asumsi yang tidak terpenuhi. Uji asumsi berupa uji normalitas dan uji linearitas tidak terpenuhi, sehingga teknik korelasi tidak dapat dilakukan. Berdasarkan perhitungan dalam teknik Kolmogorov-Smirnov, skala *leader group prototypicality* ($p=0,012$) dan skala *sense of power* ($p=0,004$) tidak memiliki nilai yang signifikan. Hal ini menunjukkan data tidak terdistribusi normal. Berdasarkan uji linearitas yang telah dilakukan, nilai signifikansi skala *leader group prototypicality* dan skala *sense of power* ($p=0,985$) menunjukkan data tidak menggambarkan garis linear.

Kata kunci: *Leader group prototypicality*, *sense of power*

CORRELATION BETWEEN LEADER GROUP PROTOTYPICALITY AND SENSE OF POWER

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ABSTRACT

The aim of this research was to determine the correlation between leader group prototypicality and a sense of power. The hypothesis of this research is a positive and significant correlation between leader group prototypicality and sense of power. Subjects in this research were 85 pairs of companies that had superior and subordinate status. There are 85 superiors and 176 subordinates. Select paired subjects to be approved for the Common Method Bias. The data on this research was collected using scale of leader group prototypicality (item 6, $\alpha = 0,832$) and scale of sense of power (6 items, $\alpha = 0,765$). This research does not test hypotheses proposed by tests of assumptions that are not fulfilled. Assumption test consists of normality test and linearity test is not fulfilled, so that the approval technique cannot be done. Based on the Kolmogorov-Smirnov technique, scale of leader group prototypicality ($p = 0.012$) and scale of sense of power ($p = 0.004$) did not have a significant value. This shows result indicated that the data is not normally distributed. Based on the linearity test that has been done, the significance value of the scale of leader group prototypicality and scale of sense of power ($p = 0.985$) indicated that the data does not describe a linear line.

Keywords: Leader group prototypicality, sense of power